Paid Time Off (PTO) Policy

PTO Policy Overview  
Eligibility for PTO-Annual Reclassification  
Loss of PTO Eligibility  
PTO Calculation  
When PTO Hours are Earned  
When You Must Use Your PTO Hours  
How PTO Hours Are Paid  
When Your Employment Ends  
Added PTO-Working on an Observed Holiday  
How Hours Used Affect Your PTO Balance  
Unused PTO in Your Account on December 31st  
Managing Your PTO Account  
Requesting Time Off-Full and Partial Day Absences  
Changes that Affect Your Benefits-Leave of Absence, Job Classification Changes  
Important Information-Duplication of Benefits, Overpayment  
Claims and Appeals  
Key Terms  
Administrative Information

PTO POLICY OVERVIEW

Paid Time off (PTO) is a paid time off benefit that provides you with pay for time off during hours you are scheduled to work. PTO hours are available for use as soon as they are earned and deposited into your PTO account.

You must be Benefits Eligible as of December 31, 2003 and remain Benefits Eligible in order to remain eligible for benefits under the PTO Policy (PTO Eligible). This Policy is amended as of December 31, 2008.

Key terms indicated by italic type are defined in the Key Terms section.

Although at the present time the corporation expects to continue the Paid Time Off Policy, the Paid Time Off Policy can be amended or terminated at any time, with or without prior notice or approval by you or anyone claiming benefits through you.
ELIGIBILITY FOR PTO - ANNUAL RECLASSIFICATION

You must be Benefits Eligible as of December 31, 2003 and remain Benefits Eligible in order to remain eligible for PTO benefits.

Each year in July Benefits Eligible Status is determined using a 52-week look back (ending on the last Saturday in June). If you average 35 hours or more per week, you will remain eligible for PTO during the next calendar year. This will determine your PTO deposit, if any, for the following calendar year.

LOSS OF PTO ELIGIBILITY

You lose PTO eligible status on the day you lose Benefits Eligible status. Once you lose PTO eligible status:

- You may continue to use any unused hours remaining in your PTO Accounts (Vacation and Other PTO) and any unused PTO hours as of December 31 are subject to the end of the year rules described in the Unused PTO in Your Account on December 31 section of this policy
- You no longer receive Other PTO deposits
- You no longer accrue benefits eligible service months for PTO purposes, and
- You will be granted Vacation hours for the final time on the following January 1 as long as you are actively employed on January 1.

You do not regain PTO eligible status even if you later regain Benefits Eligible status.

PTO CALCULATION

PTO is made up of:

- Vacation Hours that are deposited on January 1, and
- Other PTO Hours that are deposited over the first nine months of the year (January-September).

Please see the following page for PTO CALCULATION details.
### PTO Weeks Factor Table

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Prior Years Benefits Eligible Service Months</th>
<th>Vacation</th>
<th>Other PTO*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Management &amp; Non-Management</td>
<td>Non-Management</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>36 - 59 months</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60 - 179 months</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>180 - 299 months</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>1.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>300 + months</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>1.8</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Vacation Calculation**

\[
\text{PTO Average Week} \times \text{Vacation Weeks Factor} = \text{Annual Vacation granted on January 1}
\]

**Other PTO Calculation**

\[
\text{PTO Average Week} \times \text{Other PTO Weeks Factor} = \text{Annual Other PTO Hours}
\]

\[
\frac{\text{Annual Other PTO Hours}}{9} = \text{Monthly Other PTO deposits*}
\]

*Monthly Other PTO is deposited at a rate of approximately 1/9th per month from January 1 through September 1 if you are active on the first day of each calendar month.

The PTO Average Week is prorated for Associates who are not active during the entire year.

### WHEN PTO HOURS ARE EARNED

If you were PTO Eligible any month during the prior year and actively employed on December 31, the corporation will grant you Vacation hours on January 1 if you are still actively employed on January 1.

Your Other PTO Hours will be deposited at a rate of approximately 1/9th per month from January 1 through September 1 of the current year if you are active on the first day of each calendar month.

The hours are available for your immediate use as soon as they are deposited into your account.

### WHEN YOU MUST USE YOUR PTO HOURS

In most cases, the corporation requires you to use all of your available paid time off prior to requesting any unpaid time off.

You **must use** PTO hours for absences such as:

- Vacation
- Caring for a family member
- Non-catastrophic mishaps such as car trouble or non-injury traffic accidents
- The birth or adoption of your child
• A waiting period prior to receiving payment of any state disability benefits
• Attending to personal business, or
• An illness or injury not covered under any other state or corporation provided benefit plan or program, including returning to work on reduced hours.

You may not use PTO hours to:

• Supplement your pay or hours for time you did not take off work, or
• Increase your hours in order to gain or maintain eligibility for any corporation provided benefit plan or program.

HOW PTO HOURS ARE PAID

PTO hours are paid, based on your average week or average day, at 100% of your pay rate on the date you use available PTO hours.

PTO hours are paid in your regular paycheck. PTO pay is calculated as follows:

\[
\text{Pay Rate} \times (\text{times}) \text{ your average week or average day} = (\text{equals}) \text{ PTO Pay}
\]

• In no event will you receive more than 100% of your pay, as applicable, from all sources combined except for jury duty and witness duty or except where required by law for the same hours not worked.
• PTO hours do not count toward “hours worked” for calculating overtime pay.

WHEN YOUR EMPLOYMENT ENDS

PTO hours may not be used to extend your employment with the corporation.

• PTO may not be used during the last two weeks of a resignation notice period unless approved in advance by your manager.
• If you resign without giving at least two weeks advance notice to the corporation, any scheduled time off during the last two weeks of your employment are cancelled.
• If you schedule and take time off and then resign without returning to work, your resignation is effective on your last day worked prior to taking time off (paid or unpaid).

PTO Account balances will be paid as follows:

• Vacation Account – Unused hours remaining in your account will be paid to you when your employment ends for any reason.
• Other PTO Account – Unused hours remaining in your account will be cancelled when your employment ends for any reason.

Where required by state law, you will receive a cash payment for any unused hours remaining in your account.
Special Bonus

You will receive payment of a special bonus if you were PTO Eligible during the year your employment ends and your employment ends due to:

- Retirement
- Permanent and total disability
- Involuntary termination resulting from a unit closing, job restructuring or reduction in force determined by the Company entitling you to severance pay under the Company’s Separation Pay Plan
- Death, or
- Your employment ends for any reason on the last day of the year.

If you receive any Vacation pay not provided under the PTO Policy due to legal requirements, the additional Vacation hours will be used to offset any Special Bonus hours. No special bonus will be paid if your employment involuntarily ends due to an event constituting a summary dismissal as defined in the Company’s policies and procedures including resignation in lieu of a summary dismissal, unless required by law. Any special bonus will be paid in a lump sum within 30 days after your employment terminates, or earlier if required by applicable law.

The amount you receive is based on the following calculation.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Total Benefits Eligible Service Months While PTO Eligible</th>
<th>Bonus Factor</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1-59</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60-179</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>180-299</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>300+</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Special Bonus Hours = Bonus Factor x average week x Prorated Factor*

*Prorated Factor = Number of months you were PTO Eligible in the year of your termination divided by 12 months.

ADDED PTO - WORKING ON AN OBSERVED HOLIDAY

If you are eligible for pay under the Observed Holiday Policy and work on an observed holiday, hours equal to your average day will be added to your PTO Account after you are paid for the observed holiday, regardless of the number of hours you actually worked on the observed holiday. See the Observed Holiday Policy for more information.
HOW HOURS USED AFFECT YOUR PTO BALANCE

PTO hours used will be updated each pay period. PTO hours used in the current pay period that have not been paid or updated must be considered when requesting time off.

**Associates who have both PTO and MTO Hours** - As you request time off, hours used will first reduce your unused PTO hours before reducing any available MTO hours.

**Associates who only have PTO Hours** – As you request time off, hours used will reduce your available PTO hours.

UNUSED PTO IN YOUR ACCOUNT ON DECEMBER 31\textsuperscript{st}

You will lose any unused PTO hours that remain in your account in excess of your PTO Maximum Carryover. This includes any additional hours deposited for working on an observed holiday. Where required by law, any unused PTO hours in excess of your PTO Maximum Carryover will automatically be paid to you in January of the following year.

Active Associates on December 31, including those receiving benefits under the Illness Recovery Time Policy and Associates on a Leave of Absence will automatically carry over unused hours to the next year up to their PTO Maximum Carryover. Your PTO Maximum Carryover is based on the table below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PTO Maximum Carryover</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Unused Vacation Account Hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unused Other PTO Account Hours</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Non-Management Associates</th>
<th>Management Associates</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>One Average Week</td>
<td>No Carryover</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No Carryover</td>
<td>No Carryover</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Exceptions to Maximum Carryover

- Any unused PTO hours in excess of the PTO Maximum Carryover will automatically be cashed out in January of the following year, if required by state law. For purposes of any end of year cash out, your pay rate as of the December 31st prior to the January cash out will be used or, if you are a commissioned Associate with a benefit pay rate, your benefit pay rate in effect on the last Saturday of the previous calendar year will be used.
- Your combined total of unused PTO and available MTO hours cannot exceed the MTO Maximum Carryover allowed per year unless you are on a military leave. Where required by law, any unused PTO and available PTO hours that exceed the PTO Maximum Carryover will automatically be paid to you in January of the following year.
- All unused PTO Account hours remaining in your account(s) on December 31 of the year your military leave began will automatically be carried over each year until you request a cash out, return to work, or your employment ends. To request a cash out form, call PowerLine at 1-888-890-8900 (say “Leave, Illness or Injury” when prompted) or contact your store or unit. PowerLine is available Monday – Friday between 8 am and 8 pm Central.
MANAGING YOUR PTO ACCOUNT

It is your responsibility to verify your PTO Account. To access your PTO account at work, log on to the Associate Kiosk, select Your Benefits Homepage, click on “PTO/MTO Balance and Hours Information.” At home, you can access the AssociateKiosk@Home by going to www.jcpenney.net and selecting “Associate Information.”

If you disagree with the hours recorded, call PowerLine at 1-888-890-8900 (Say “Other Questions” when you hear the menu of options.) within 60 days of the date your account is updated. PowerLine is available Monday – Friday between 8 am and 8 pm Central. If you do not, no adjustments will be made to your account (unless otherwise required by applicable law). You may file a claim for reconsideration as explained in the section entitled, Claims and Appeals.

Accessing Your PTO Account

To access your PTO account, click on the PTO/MTO Balances link from PowerLine-Your Benefits Homepage on the Associate Kiosk.

REQUESTING TIME OFF

Our business depends on having enough staff on hand to serve our customers and to keep support operations running smoothly. Advance scheduling of all time off is critical!

Request time off (paid or unpaid) as soon as you can, because it may not be possible to grant all requests due to peak seasons and a large number of requests to take time off during the same period.

Scheduled vs. unscheduled time off – All time off is considered either “scheduled” or “unscheduled”, regardless of whether the time off is paid or unpaid.

- You are expected to schedule and get approval for all time off in advance, where possible.
- You should request scheduled time off with as much advance notice as possible. To meet operating and staffing needs, your store or unit may require a minimum notice period before certain time-off requests will be approved.
- If you have access to the “Scheduling Function” you are required to use this function to request and receive approval for scheduled time off.
- If you are scheduled and unable to report to work, call your store or unit as soon as possible – before your scheduled reporting time. Speak to your manager or the person designated to take the call at your workplace. Call your store or unit each day you are absent as required. It is your responsibility to keep your store or unit informed as to your ability or inability to work.
- Make sure you understand your store’s or unit’s policy regarding excessive short-term absences.
- Unscheduled and unapproved time off, other than absences that qualify under FMLA leave, Workers’ Compensation, state disability, or military leaves, will continue to be counted for attendance evaluation reasons.
- Requests for discretionary time off will not be approved during certain peak seasons based on your store’s or unit’s staffing needs. See your manager for any “black out periods” that apply to your store or unit.
Full and Partial Day Absences

In most cases, you are required to use all your available paid time off prior to requesting any unpaid time off.

Non-Management Associates

- **Full day absences** – Hours equal to your average day will automatically be deducted from your PTO Account balance (unless otherwise required by law such as in the case of a Workers’ Compensation, state disability, or military leave).

- **Partial day absences** – You may elect to use PTO hours in less than full-day increments, as long as your store or unit has the flexibility to schedule hours off. See your store or unit manager regarding absences of less than one full day. Hours equal to the difference between your scheduled hours and hours you worked that day will determine the amount of PTO hours you are paid for a partial day absence.

Management Associates

- **Full day absences** – Hours equal to your average day will automatically be deducted from your PTO Account balance (unless otherwise required by law such as in the case of a Workers’ Compensation, state disability, or military leave).

- **Partial day absences** – See your store or unit manager for absences of less than one full day.

When You Should Call PowerLine

Call PowerLine at 1-888-890-8900 (and say “Other Questions” when prompted) if you want to:

- Ask questions about your PTO Account, or
- Get a better understanding of the PTO Policy.

PowerLine is available Monday – Friday between 8 am and 8 pm Central.

**CHANGES THAT AFFECT YOUR BENEFITS**

**Paid Time Off vs. Unpaid Time Off**

You may elect to use any PTO hours during a military leave or the waiting period before state Workers’ Compensation benefits begin for work-related illnesses or injuries.

For all other absences, except as noted in the chart below, you are required to use any available paid time off prior to any unpaid time off. This includes absences not payable under any of the corporations’ other benefit plans or programs such as:

- Paid Time Off Policy
- My Time Off Policy
- Illness Recovery Time Policy
- Observed Holiday Policy, and
- Incidental Time Off policy.

If you have no time off with pay, you must call PowerLine (say "Leave, Illness or Injury” when you hear the menu of options) at 1-888-890-8900 to request a Leave of Absence. PowerLine is available Monday – Friday between 8 am and 8 pm Central. If your leave is approved you will not lose Benefits Eligible status.
**Unpaid Time Off**

Keep in mind any unpaid time off could affect your *Benefits Eligible* status, and your monthly PTO hours calculation including your *average day* and *average week*.

**How a Leave of Absence Affects your PTO**

While on any type of Leave of Absence, you continue to earn *benefits eligible service months*. The chart below shows the effect your *Leave of Absence* has on your PTO benefits.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of Leave</th>
<th>Must I use any remaining PTO before my leave begins?</th>
<th>Do I receive monthly deposits of Other PTO hours during my Leave of Absence?</th>
<th>What happens to my unused PTO as of December 31 of the current calendar year?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Workers’ Compensation or State Disability Leave of Absence</strong></td>
<td>You may, <strong>but are not required to</strong>, use all of your remaining PTO before you begin your unpaid Leave of Absence.</td>
<td>Yes, for up to the first 6 months of leave</td>
<td>You may use any PTO remaining in your account including any PTO deposited during your <em>Leave of Absence</em> when you return to work. Any unused PTO hours on December 31 are subject to the end of the year rules. If you terminate your employment, see the section titled, “When Your Employment Ends”.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Military Leave</strong></td>
<td>You may, <strong>but are not required to</strong>, use all of your remaining PTO before you begin your unpaid military leave</td>
<td>Yes, for up to the first 6 months of leave</td>
<td>You may use any PTO remaining in your account, including any PTO deposited during your <em>Leave of Absence</em>, when you return to work. All unused PTO hours in your account(s) on December 31 will automatically be carried over each year until you request a cash out, return to work, or your employment ends. To request a cash out form call PowerLine at 1-888-890-8900 (say “Leave, Illness or Injury” when prompted) or contact your store or unit Office Associate. You may not receive any <em>benefits eligible</em> service months that would have accrued during the time period of your <em>military leave</em> if you do not return to work within the time period that reemployment rights are guaranteed by law. If you terminate your employment, see the section, <em>When Your Employment Ends</em>.”</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### All other Leaves of Absence (including FMLA leave)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Yes*</th>
<th>No</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

- You may use any PTO remaining in your account, including any PTO deposited during your Leave of Absence, when you return to work.
- Any unused PTO hours on December 31 are subject to the end of the year rules.
- If you terminate your employment, see the section titled, When Your Employment Ends.

*Associates in Vermont and Wisconsin may be placed on unpaid FMLA leave without being required to use PTO. For Associates in California, after two weeks of a leave of absence to care for a family member with a serious health condition the Associate may be placed on an unpaid leave of absence, including, but not limited to, an unpaid FMLA leave, without being required to use PTO if the Associate is approved for benefits under the California Paid Family Leave law.

### When Your Job Classification Changes

Your PTO Account hours will not be adjusted until the following January 1 unless your job reclassification was the result of a corporation-wide job reclassification.

### When you Transfer

#### Transfer from Puerto Rico

- You will remain in the Puerto Rico PTO Policy for the remainder of the calendar year.
- If you were not Benefits Eligible as of December 31, 2003, your benefits eligible service months will be converted into MTO Service Months. You will be eligible for benefits under the MTO Policy for the January 1 after your transfer is effective.
- If you were Benefits Eligible as of December 31, 2003, you will be in PTO the following January 1 if you meet the PTO eligibility requirement.

#### Transfer to Puerto Rico

- You will remain in PTO for the current year. Since Associates employed in Puerto Rico are not eligible for benefits under the PTO Policy, you will be under the Puerto Rico PTO Policy beginning the January 1 after your transfer. See your store or unit manager for details regarding your paid time off benefits.

#### Unit Transfers

- Any PTO Account hours in your account at the time of transfer will remain available for your use at the new location.

### IMPORTANT INFORMATION

**Duplication of Benefits**
You may not receive paid time off benefits and any state income replacement benefits (Workers’ Compensation, Texas Worker injury Plan or State Disability) and pay under the corporation’s paid time off policies for the same hours not worked.

You may not receive pay under the PTO Policy for any hours you worked.

Overpayment of Time Off Benefits

Any PTO hours used in excess of any PTO hours earned and deposited are considered an overpayment. Where allowed by law, the corporation will recoup these amounts through payroll deductions. If the corporation cannot recoup these amounts through payroll deduction, you have 30 days to repay the full amount of the overpayment to the corporation by money order, certified or cashiers check, or cash.

The corporation may also recover overpayments by:

- Reducing your current or future PTO/MTO hours deposits
- Suspending or reducing future Texas Worker Injury Plan (TWIP), Illness Recovery Time, or Incidental Time Off (Jury/Witness Duty, Emergency Time, Bereavement/Funeral Pay, Observed Holiday, and Military Training Duty) benefits until the overpayment has been repaid in full
- Taking any appropriate collection activity available including any legal action needed, and
- Placing a lien, unless prohibited by law, in the amount of the overpayment on the proceeds of any Other Income that you may be eligible to receive whether payable as a periodic or lump sum payment.

No interest will be charged on the amount of any overpayment or duplication of benefits and, unless required by law, no interest will be paid on any underpayment of benefits or on any benefit payments which have been delayed for any reason.

It is your responsibility to verify your PTO Account. To access your PTO account at work, log on to the Associate Kiosk, select Your Benefits Homepage and click on “PTO/MTO Balance and Hours Information.” At home, you can access the AssociateKiosk@Home by going to www.jcpenney.net and selecting “Associate Information.”

If you disagree with the hours recorded, call PowerLine at 1-888-890-8900 (Say “Other Questions” when you hear the menu of options.) within 60 days of the date your account is updated. PowerLine is available Monday – Friday between 8 am and 8 pm Central. If you do not, no adjustments will be made to your account (unless otherwise required by applicable law). You may file a claim for reconsideration as explained in the section titled, Claims and Appeals.
CLAIMS AND APPEALS

How to File a Claim

If you believe you have been improperly denied eligibility to participate or should have received more paid time off or pay, or that you have otherwise been treated unfairly under the PTO Policy, you, your spouse, or your estate’s representative may file a claim within 60 days of the date:

- You are not eligible for the PTO Policy
- You do not agree with the amount of PTO hours deposited
- You use any PTO hours
- You should have received an hours adjustment (e.g. hours adjustment for working on an observed holiday)
- You receive pay for time off work and you don’t agree with the amount paid, or
- The events giving rise to your claim occurred.

You, your spouse, or your estate’s representative should file the written claim with the Benefit Determination Review Team (BDRT). Your claim must be submitted in writing or by completing the Claim Initiation Form. Call PowerLine at 1-888-890-8900 to request a Claim Initiation Form. Send your letter or Claim Initiation Form to the BDRT at:

JCPenney-Benefit Determination Review Team
P. O. Box 14
Lincolnshire, IL 60069-1407

If you don’t file a claim within 60 days, no changes will be made to your account.

Claims Procedures

Once the BDRT receives your claim, the BDRT has 60 days to make a determination. You will be notified in writing of the final decision within 60 days after your claim is received, or within 120 days when special circumstances require more time for a fair decision. You will be notified before the 60th day if an extension or supporting documentation is necessary to complete your claim. This extension can be up to 60 days.

You then have 45 days within which to provide the information requested or needed for the BDRT to make a determination. If the requested information is not provided in a timely manner, your claim will be denied. The denial will cite the provisions found in this policy on which the decision was based, advise you of any document or information reviewed in making a determination, and provide you with information on any voluntary appeal rights.

If you do not request an appeal within 60 days after receiving notice of your denial, no further action will be taken and you cannot request an appeal at a later date.

How to File an Appeal

If you still believe you have been improperly denied eligibility to participate or should have received more paid time off or pay, or that you have otherwise been treated unfairly under the PTO Policy, you, your spouse or your estate’s representative may appeal the decision by filing an appeal within 60 days of the date you receive notice of your claim denial.
You, your spouse or your estate’s representative may appeal in writing to the Benefits Administration Committee (BAC) to request a review of your denied claim. To file an appeal write to the BAC at the following address:

Benefits Administration Committee  
J. C. Penney Corporation, Inc.  
6501 Legacy Drive  
Plano, TX 75024-3698

You must file your appeal within 60 days from the date you receive notice of the denial of your claim.

You may ask the BAC to review any relevant documents. As part of your right to appeal, you must provide:

- The policy name
- Your name, Social Security Number or Employee ID, store or unit number, and location
- The reason you believe your claim should have been treated differently or was improperly denied, including references to the appropriate provisions of this PTO Policy, and any facts that support your position, and
- Any additional information you believe will be helpful in reviewing your appeal (attach any supporting documentation).

In preparing your appeal, you may request to review any pertinent documents. You will be notified in writing of the BAC’s final decision within 60 days after your appeal is received, or within 120 days when special circumstances require more time for a fair decision. You will be notified before the 60th day if an extension or supporting documentation is necessary to complete your appeal. The denial will cite the provisions found in this policy on which the decision was based, advise you of any document or information reviewed in making a determination, and provide you with information on any voluntary appeal rights.

The decision of the BAC is final and binding on you or anyone claiming through you.

Key terms indicated by italic type are defined in the Key Terms section.

**KEY TERMS**

These key terms have the following meanings when used throughout this Policy. The terms appear in italic text when used.

**Actively at Work** - You are considered actively at work if you are performing your regular job duties at your usual place of work or traveling on Company business. You will be considered actively at work on a non-scheduled workday if you were actively at work the day before.

**Appeal** – a proceeding by you, your spouse, or your estate’s representative to have a denied claim for benefits or eligibility for participation reviewed by the Benefits Administration Committee.

**Approved Absence** – an unpaid excused absence approved by the store or unit manager that is scheduled to last 28 consecutive calendar days or less.

**Associate (You, your, and yours)** - a person who is employed by the corporation, and paid through the corporation’s payroll system. The term Associate does not include a person covered by a collective
bargaining agreement that does not expressly provide for participation in the Policy, provided the representative of the person with whom the collective bargaining agreement is executed has an opportunity to bargain in good faith concerning Policy benefits. The term Associate also does not include a person who is classified as an independent contractor by the corporation for purposes of Federal income tax reporting and withholding. The designation of an Associate by the corporation is final and not subject to re-determination by any government agency. The term Associate does not include anyone who performs services for the corporation as a “leased employee” within the meaning of Code section 414(n), or who performs services through an agreement with a leasing organization.

**Average Day and Average Week** – the number of hours you are paid for each day or each week of paid time off in the current year.

**BAC** – see Benefits Administration Committee.

**Benefits Administration Committee (BAC)** – a committee appointed by J.C. Penney Corporation, Inc. to act as the plan administrator for the PTO Policy.

**Benefits Eligible** – Each July, Benefits Eligible status for the following year will be determined by using a 12-month look-back at the hours you worked. As long as you average at least 35 hours per week for the 12-month period, you will be eligible for full-time benefits for the entire next year. However, if you do not average 35 hours per week during this 52-week period, you will lose Benefits Eligible status effective December 31, unless otherwise required by law.

**Benefits Eligible Service Month(s)** – a month during which you are Benefits Eligible or the total number of months that you have been Benefits Eligible including any reinstated or credited benefits eligible service months granted to rehired Associates or any months granted to certain management associates due to prior work experience that occurs after the age of 25.

**Benefit Pay Rate** – for commissioned sales Associates, your rate of pay, which includes your average commissions for the past calendar year. Your benefit pay rate on the last Saturday of the calendar year is used to determine the amount of any PTO/MTO cash out (where required by law) paid in January of the following year.

**Claim** – your request for eligibility or benefits submitted to the Benefits Division.

**Code** – the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended and the regulations that apply under the Code.

**Corporation** – J.C. Penney Corporation, Inc. any subsidiary or affiliate of J.C. Penney Corporation, Inc. which is designated as participating by the Human Resources Committee and excludes any division of J.C. Penney Corporation, Inc. or a subsidiary or affiliate that is designated by the Human Resources Committee as ineligible to participate.

**FMLA Leave** – a Leave of Absence under the Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993, as amended and the regulations that apply under that Act or any state law that provides a better benefit.

**Leave of Absence** – A period of paid or unpaid time away from work for a medical, personal for military reason.

**Management Associate** – salaried and certain hourly paid Associates who are classified as management Associates in accordance with the corporation’s human resources policies.

**Military Leave** – a period of time while an individual is off work due to active duty military service, medical disaster recovery assistance and certain military training duty for persons in the National Guard or reserves during which an individual is guarantees benefits and re-employment rights under federal and/or state laws.

**Non-Management Associate** – an Associate who is not classified as a management Associate as defined under the corporation’s human resources policies.

**Pay or Pay Rate** – the value of an hour of work, as determined by the corporation’s human resources policies is:

- **Hourly-paid Associates** – your regular hourly rate. Your pay rate may also include pay premiums.
- **Commissioned Associates** – your benefit pay rate.

- **Salaried Associates** – your annual base salary converted to an hourly rate. For full-time *salaried Associates*, your annual base salary generally is divided by 2,080 hours. For part-time *salaried Associates*, an hourly rate is determined under the corporation’s human resources policies.

Your pay rate may also include any pay premium such as a shift premium. The premium rate must be in effect the week you use the PTO hours. For purposes of any end of year cash out (where required by law) to be paid in January of the following year, the premium rate as of the December 31st prior to the January cash out will be used.

**Permanent and Total Disability**– you are unable to engage in any substantial gainful activity due to any medically determinable physical or mental impairment that began while you were employed by the Company which can be expected to result in your death or has lasted or can be expected to last for a continuous period of at least 12 months for which you have received a Social Security Award from the Social Security Administration within 30 days prior to the date your employment ends.

If you are not eligible for Social Security Disability benefits solely because of age or insufficient quarters of coverage under the Social Security Act, you will be disabled if within 30 days prior to the date your employment ends the Recovery Assistance Center determines that Social Security Disability benefits would have been payable if you had the necessary age or covered quarters.

**Representative** – a person the participant authorizes in writing to act on his/her behalf. The Policy(s) will also recognize a legally valid power of attorney or a court order giving a person authority to take an act on a participant’s behalf.

**Retirement**– for purposes of the PTO Policy is defined as:

**Early Retirement**

- Age 55 or later with 15 year of service (as defined below), or
- Age 60 or later if you were a participant in the J.C. Penney Corporation, Inc. Pension Plan (Pension Plan) prior to January 1, 1989 (regardless of your years of service, as defined below), or

**Normal Retirement**

- Age 65 or later and satisfied the eligibility requirements to become a participant in the Pension Plan.

For retirement purposes, “service” means your total period of employment with J.C. Penney Corporation, Inc. and its subsidiaries, including leaves of absences, certain service in the U.S. Armed Forces, periods when you are credited with Social Security Disability service and any period after your employment with the corporation ends, so long as you are rehired within 365 days.

**Spouse** – the individual to whom an Associate is legally married under the laws of the State (as defined in section 3(10) of ERISA) in which the Associate is domiciled, or if the Associate is domiciled outside the States, under the laws of the State of Texas. Spouse does not include a same gender partner unless otherwise required by State law.

**Standard Hours** – the hours per week that you are currently hired to work.

**Year** – a 12-month period, beginning on January 1 and ending on December 31.

**ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION**

**Plan Document**

This policy statement is the plan document for the PTO Policy. Every effort has
been made to make this document clear, complete and understandable; however, the Administrator, the Benefits Administration Committee (BAC), has the final word on interpreting all provisions of the PTO Policy. The terms of the PTO Policy may only be superseded or amended by a subsequent written document approved by the BAC or the Human Resources Committee of J.C. Penney Corporation, Inc. The corporation maintains the PTO Policy even though it is not required to do so by law. Also see AMENDMENT OR TERMINATION later in this section. The PTO Policy is governed under Texas law.

Severable Plan Provisions

Each provision of the PTO Policy is independent and does not affect the validity of any other provision. If a court or administrative agency finds any provision of the PTO Policy to be invalid, illegal, void, or unenforceable, such provision shall be severed, and the remaining provisions of the PTO Policy shall remain in full force and effect. The corporation reserves the right to take any action indicated under the section titled AMENDMENT OR TERMINATION.

Amendment or Termination

J.C. Penney Corporation, Inc. reserves the right to amend, temporarily discontinue, or terminate the PTO Policy at any time without prior notice or approval of Associates, participants, or their representatives. The BAC has the authority to amend the PTO Policy if the amendment does not significantly increase the cost of the PTO Policy to a participating employer. The Human Resources Committee has the authority to make all other amendments, including termination of the PTO Policy. The authority of the BAC and the Human Resources Committee must be exercised pursuant to action by unanimous written consent or by majority vote at a meeting.

No Right to Employment

Nothing contained in this document or any other communication related to the PTO Policy creates or should be inferred to create an employment contract.

Time Limit for Legal Action

The PTO Policy is governed under Texas law. Every right of action by any participant, a participant’s representative, or a participant’s estate must be brought against the corporation no later than four (4) years from the date the Associate’s employment ended, or from receipt of notice of a denied claim for eligibility to participate or for benefits.

Updated December 31, 2008